



Sightsavers



Partnership Framework for implementing partners

December 2017

Introduction

Developing effective partnerships is a key strategic objective. We have developed a three phase programme partnership framework that supports the partnership policy and principles, and translates them into a step-by-step plan. It simplifies and replaces the previous (130 pages long) policy guidelines.



Partnership Policy

Partnership Principles



Shared goals & compatible values
The partners' goals should align with and provide a clearly defined added value to the achievement of Sightsavers' mission to eliminate avoidable blindness and promote equality of opportunity for disabled people. The partners' vision, values and ways of working should be compatible with that of Sightsavers



Openness and understanding
Example statement: We will collaborate closely with our partners and share all relevant information openly to build a trusting relationship to jointly deliver aligned development activities. We will communicate in a timely manner with the purpose to build an understanding for the effect changes can have on goals and outcomes. We are open to taking measured risks and trying out new approaches to achieve the shared goal. Our commitment to the shared impact is such that we are open to giving up autonomy in decision-making to work for the benefit of the partnership as a whole. We will commit time and resources to monitoring and improving the health of our partnership, as well as the measuring the impact of the projects beneath this.



Mutual accountability
Sightsavers and the partners should be accountable to each other and also to other stakeholders, including beneficiaries, for their actions, their achievement of impact and their efficient use of a range of resources. Accountability should be established for efficient use of all types of resources including information, contacts, skills, materials and equipment. This also involves having an awareness of power dynamics (e.g. control of resources) and avoiding using it as a form of control unless it is strictly necessary.



Ownership
The ownership of the partnership process and its outcomes should be shared among all partners. The partners should take appropriate management responsibility for an initiative, have a sense of commitment and considering that it belongs to them. This does not necessarily mean that the programme is self-sustaining; the partner organisation(s) and/or communities may draw on Sightsavers or other stakeholders for financial and other forms of support.

Partnership Framework

Strategy

Implementation

Evaluation

Partner Selection

Planning

Inception

Delivery

Monitoring

Reporting and Revising

Partnership Review

Learning

Sustain or exit

Partner Due Diligence Tool

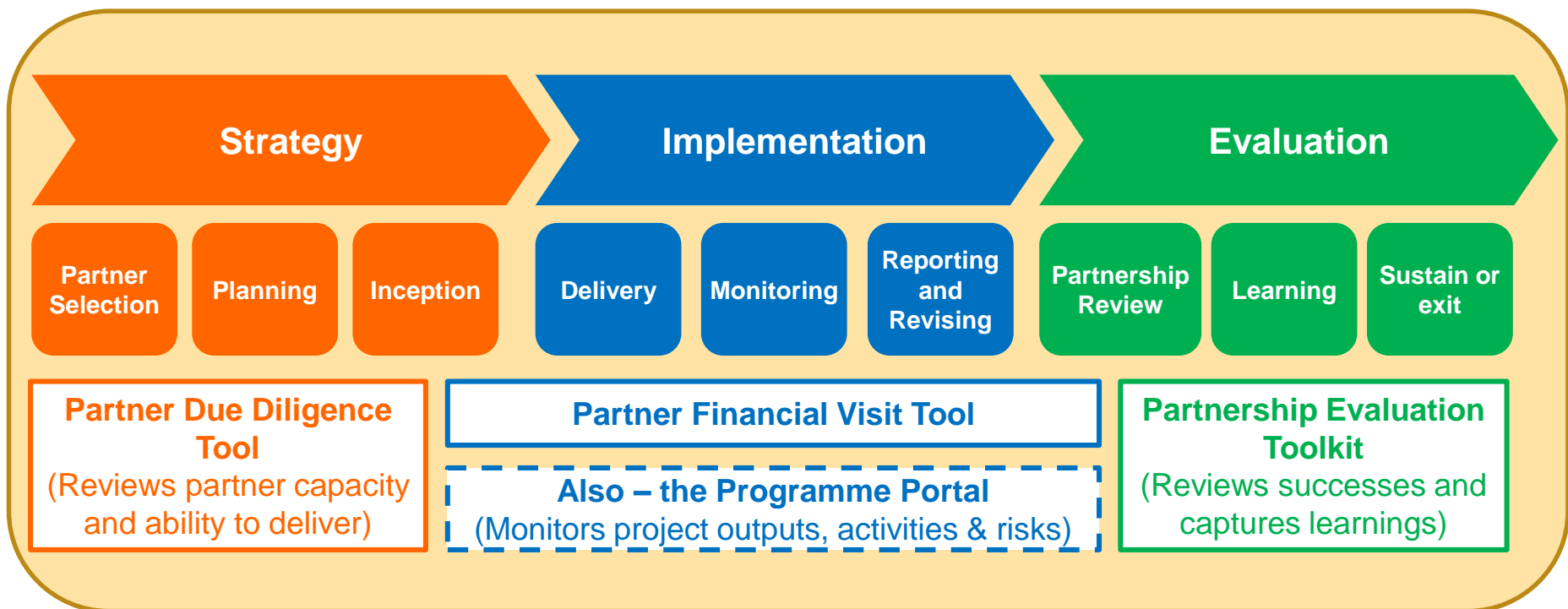
Partnership Management Standards (as a part of QSAT)

Programme Portal (Output, Activity and Risk Monitoring)

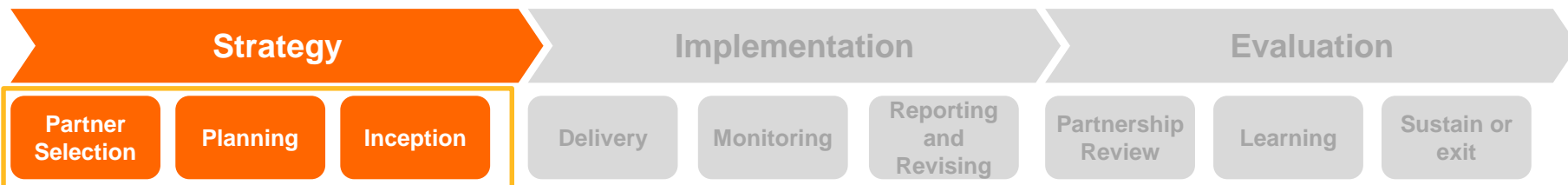
Partnership Evaluation Toolkit

Partnership Framework for implementing partners

Our partnership framework has been conceptualised in three phases, to mirror and align with the project design process. Each phase of the framework is comprised of three stages, which outline the key activities that should take place. A series of tools and templates underpins each phase, to support these activities.



Partnership Framework – activities for the *Strategy* phase



Partner Selection

- Set purpose and goals of the partnership via the project/programme strategy and intervention logic.
- Evaluate potential partner(s) with “light touch” version of Due Diligence Tool to check alignment with Sightsavers’ strategy/principles, and to determine their appropriateness for the role.
- Select final partner(s), taking into account Due Diligence Tool scoring and the scope and the nature of the project.

Planning

- Evaluate chosen partner(s) with “in depth” version of Due Diligence Tool to understand strengths/weaknesses and their implications for project design.
- Address any critical performance gaps via an organisation development (OD) plan, or other means, as appropriate.
- Produce project documentation (proposal, log frame, budget, implementation plan), and ensure exit strategies are included.
- Establish measurable partnership goals and objectives aligned to the SIM Card
- Resolve issues and assign mutual accountability among partners

Inception

- Finalise the implementation plan with partner(s), ensuring clear roles and responsibilities articulated
- Agree on indicators to determine whether the partnership is healthy and finalise KPIs for the partnership
- Agree on the monitoring procedures and processes
- Agree on the reporting expectations and schedule
- Agree on planned “moving on” strategies in case of partnership exit

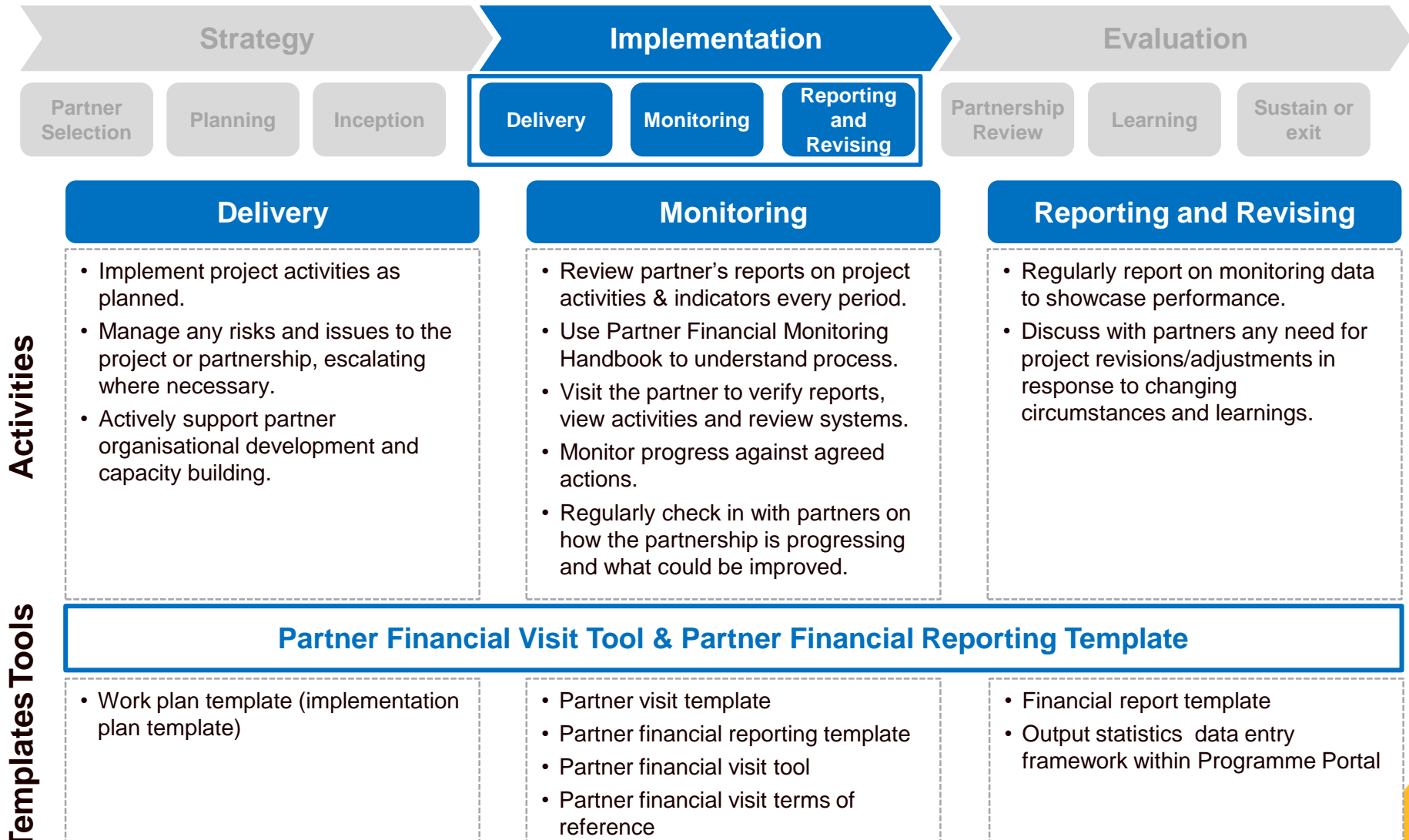
Partner Due Diligence Tool – to be used during the project design process

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|---|---|---|
| <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Concept Note template | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Project proposal template • Implementation plan • PFA, log frame & budget templates • OD plan templates • SIM Card indicators | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Work plan template (implementation plan template) • M&E plan template • Reporting templates |
|---|---|---|

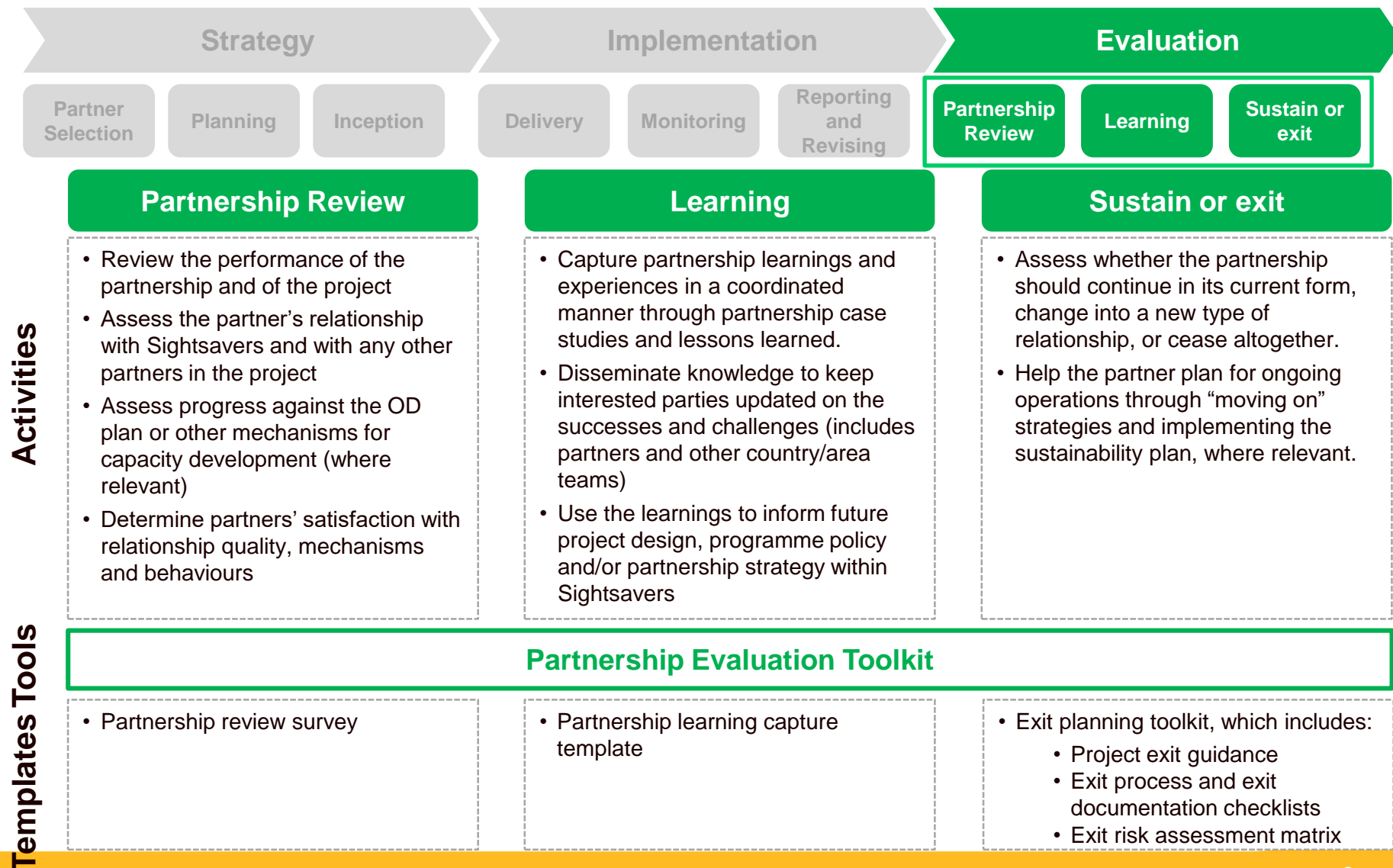
Activities

Templates Tools

Partnership Framework – activities for the *Implementation* phase



Partnership Framework – activities for the *Evaluation* phase



Partnership Framework - Toolkit

A series of tools and templates underpins each phase of the partnership framework, to support critical partnership activities.

